

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## **ACCURAT Traction Series - AGM Batteries**

Model	Nominal Voltage	Rated Capacity	Weight
Traction T70 AGM	12 V	70 Ah	19,20 kg
Traction T80 AGM	12 V	80 Ah	22,00 kg
Traction T100 AGM	12 V	100 Ah	27,80 kg
Traction T120 AGM	12 V	120 Ah	32,10 kg
Traction T150 AGM	12 V	150 Ah	41,50 kg
Traction T180 AGM	12 V	180 Ah	49,50 kg
Traction T205 AGM	12 V	205 Ah	56,80 kg
Traction T230 AGM	12 V	230 Ah	62,70 kg

## 1. Product and Company Identification

Brand:	ACCURAT
Series name:	ACCURAT Traction (AGM Battery)
Manufacturer:	batterium GmbH Robert-Bosch-Straße 1, 71691 Freiberg am Neckar, Germany T: +49 7141 - 1410870   F: +49 7141 / 560 90 49   info@batterium.de batterium.de



## 2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	Percent of Content	CAS No.
*Lead, Lead Compounds	43 - 70%	7439-92-1
* Sulfuric Acid / Battery Electrolyte	10 - 30%	7664-93-9
*Antimony	0 - 4%	7440-36-0
*Arsenic	< 0,1%	7440-38-2
*Calcium	< 0,1%	7440-70-2
N/A	5 - 10%	Non-Hazardous Materials

Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Listed Toxic Chemicals are Preceded by an\*

## 3. Hazards Summary

Sulfuric Acid:	Under normal conditions of use, Sulfuric Acid vapors and mist are not generated. Sulfuric Acid vapors may be generated when the product is overheated, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged.
Lead Compounds:	Under normal conditions of use, Lead dust, vapors and fumes are not generated. Hazardous exposure may occur when the product is overheated, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create dust, vapor or fumes.
Other:	May form explosive air/gas mixture during charging.
Routes of entry and potenti	al health effects:
Inhalation:	Sulfuric Acid vapors or mist may cause severe respiratory irritation. Lead dust or fumes may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract or lungs.
Skin contact:	Sulfuric Acid may cause severe irritation, burns and ulceration. Lead Compounds are not readily absorbed through the skin.
Eye contact:	Sulfuric Acid may cause severe irritation, burns and cornea damage and possible blindness. Lead Compounds may cause eye irritation.
Ingestion:	Sulfuric Acid may cause severe irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach. Lead ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, weight loss, abdominal spasms, fatigue and pain in the arms, legs and joints.

## 4. First Aid Measures

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Inhalation:	If breathing difficulties develop, remove person from exposure. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Flush the exposed skin with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, using deluge emergency shower. Remove contaminated clothing. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Eye contact:	Force eyes open and rinse with clean, cool, running water for 15 minutes. Do not use eye drops or other medication unless advised to do so by a doctor. Seek immediate medical attention after rinsing.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, drink large quantities of milk or water. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, egg whites or vegetable oil. Seek medical attention immediately.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash point:	N/A
Auto Ignition Temperature:	N/A
Fire Point:	N/A
Flammable limits (hydrogen gas):	4.1% LEL, 74.2% UEL
Extinguishing Media:	Class ABC extinguisher, Dry Chemical, Foam or Carbon Dioxide

#### Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

If batteries are on charge, turn off power. Use positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in fighting fire. Water applied to electrolyte generates heat and causes it to splatter. Wear acid resistant clothing. Ventilate area well.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Hydrogen and oxygen gases are produced during normal battery operation and charging. These gases escape through the battery vents and may form an explosive atmosphere around the battery if ventilation is poor. Avoid open flame, sparks and other ignition sources in areas where batteries are used or stored.

Sulfuric acid is an oxidizer and can ignite combustibles upon contact.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES

Small spill: Neutralize the spill with baking soda, household ammonia and/or water. Rinse clean.

Large spill: Remove combustible materials and all sources of ignition. Contain spill by diking with soda ash (sodium carbonate) or quicklime (calcium oxide). Cover spill with neutralizing agent such as soda ash or quicklime. Mix well. When mixture is neutral collect the residue in a suitable container and dispose of per local, state and federal waste regulations. Wear acid resistant boots, face shield, chemical splash goggles, and acid resistant gloves. Do not release unneutralized acid.



### 7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Temperature:

Min: -28 °C for fully charged batteries, -6 °C for completely discharged batteries. Max: 26 °C for low self discharge but up to 38°C is safe. Avoid storage in areas exposed to heat or solar buildup.

#### Special Sensitivity:

Avoid direct conductive connection across positive and negative terminals to prevent short circuit.

Storage Precautions:

- Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries so as to prevent accidental contact between terminals and/or other damage to terminals or containers.
- Whenever feasible, store on shipping pallet or rack.
- Do not stack loaded pallets or racks on top of other batteries.
- Store batteries in cool, well-ventilated location.
- Keep a supply of neutralizing agent in or near the storage area for emergency use.

#### Handling Precautions:

- Use a battery carrier to lift battery without handle.
- Avoid contact with internal components of batteries.
- Do not smoke when working near a battery.

**Other Precautions:** 

Keep away from combustible materials, organic chemicals, reducing substances, strong oxidizers and water.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering controls/system design information:

Charge in areas with adequate ventilation. Do not install these batteries in sealed, unventilated areas.

Ventilation:	General dilution ventilation is acceptable.
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	Not required for normal conditions of use.
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
Skin Protection:	Wear chemical resistant gloves as a standard procedure to avoid skin contact. Wash hands after handling.
Other:	None required under normal use conditions for gel/absorbed electrolyte type batteries.



Exposure Limits	Lead, Lead Compounds	Sulfuric Acid
OSHA	PEL 0.05mg/m <sup>3</sup>	PEL 1mg/m³ TWA
ACGIH	TLV 0.05mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TLV 1mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA, 3mg/m <sup>3 (STEL)</sup>
NIOSH	Rel<0.10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rel < 1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	The entire battery is a solid article consisting of a plastic case with two protruding lead terminals.
Odor:	The battery is odorless
Odor Threshold:	N/A
Physical State:	Sulfuric Acid is a liquid, Lead is solid
Boiling Point:	112-115 °C
Melting Point:	N/A
Freezing Point:	N/A
Vapour Pressure:	1.33 kPa
Solubility in Water:	Lead, Lead Oxide and Lead Sulfate are insoluble in Water. Sulfuric Acid is 100% suluble in water.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

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This product is stable under normal conditions at ambient temperature.

Incompatibility (materials to avoid):

Heat, open flames, sparks, strong oxidizing or reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition or by-products:

Can emit highly toxic fumes when heated. Combustion can produce carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Will release an explosive hydrogen/oxygen gas mixture. Oxides of lead, lead and/or lead compounds may be released. Sulfuric Acid may release Sulfur Dioxide and/or Sulfur Trioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid:

Prolonged overcharge, sparks and other sources of ignition.

## 11. Toxicological Information

The battery does not elicit toxicological properties during routine handling and use. If the battery is opened through misuse or damage, discard immediately. The internal components of battery cells cause irritations.

Irritancy:	The electrolytes contained in this battery can irritate eyes upon any contact. Prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes may cause irritation.
Sensitization:	No information is available.
Teratogenicity:	No information is available.
Carcinogenicity:	No information is available.
Mutagenicity:	No information is available.
Reproductive toxicity:	No information is available.

ACUTE TOXICITY (Test Results Basis and Comments):

Sulfuric Acid	
Oral Rat	LD <sub>50</sub> 2140 mg/kg (25% solution)
Inhalation Rat	LC <sub>50</sub> 510 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /2h
Inhalation Mouse	LC <sub>50 32</sub> 0 mg/m³/2h
Carcinogenicity	ACGIH: A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen OSHA: Select Carcinogen IARC: Group1 Carcinogen
Lead	
Carcinogenicity	IARC: Group 2B Possible Human Carcinogen Risk phrase 61

#### SUBCHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY (Test Results and Comments):

Repeated exposure to lead and lead compounds in the workplace may result in nervous system toxicity. Some toxicologists report that abnormal conduction velocities in person with blood lead levels of  $50 \mu g/100 ml$  or higher. Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

#### Additional Information:

- Very little chronic toxicity data available for elemental lead.
- Lead is listed by IARC as a 2B carcinogen: possible carcinogen in humans. Arsenic is listed by IARC, ACGIH, and NTP as a carcinogen, based on studies with high doses overlong periods of time. The other ingredients in this product, present at equal to or greater than 0.1% of the product, are not listed by OSHA, NTP, or IARC as suspect carcinogens.
- The 19th Amendment to EC Directive 67/548/EEC classified lead compounds, but not lead in metal form, as possibly toxic to reproduction. Risk phrase 61: May cause harm to the unborn child, applies to lead compounds, especially soluble forms.

## 12. Ecological Information

Persistence & Degradability:

Lead is very persistent in soils and sediments. No data available on biodegradation.

Bio-accumulative potential (including mobility):

Mobility of metalic Lead between ecological compartments is low. Bio-accumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants, but very little bio-accumulation occurs through the food chain. Most studies have included lead compounds, not solid inorganic lead.

Aquatic Toxicity:

Sulfuric Acid	24-hour LC50 fresh water fish (Brachidanio rerio): 82mg/l 96-hour LOEC fresh water fish (Cyprinus carpio): 22mg/l
Lead	No data available

Additional Information:

- No known effects on stratospheric ozon depletion
- Volatile organic compounds: 0 Vol%
- Water Endangering Class (WGK): N/A

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal method:

- Neutralised acid may be flushed down the sewer
- Used Lead Acid Batteries are recyclable when sent to a secondary smelter. Must be treated as hazardous waste

## 14. Transport Information

ADR/RID (ROAD/RAIL):	
UN number:	2800
Proper shipping name:	Batteries, wet, non-spillable
Transport hazard class:	8
Packing group:	not applicable
Packing instructions:	P003, P801a
Classification code: C11	
Special provisions:	238, 295, 598

Special provision 295:

Batteries need not be individually marked and labeled if the pallet bears the appropriate mark and label.



Special provision 598:

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The following are not subject to the requirements of ADR:

(a) New storage batteries when:

- they are secured in such a way that they cannot slip, fall or be damaged;
- they are provided with carrying devices, unless they are suitably stacked, e.g. on pallets;
- there are no dangerous traces of alkalis or acids on the outside;
- they are protected against short circuits;

(b) Used storage batteries when:

- their cases are undamaged;
- they are secured in such a way that they cannot leak, slip, fall or be damaged, e.g. by stacking on pallets;
- there are no dangerous traces of alkalis or acids on the outside of the articles;
- they are protected against short circuits

"Used storage batteries" means storage batteries carried for recycling at the end of their normal service life.

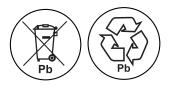
## ICAO/IATA (air):

UN number:	2800
Proper shipping name:	Batteries, wet, non-spillable
Class:	8
Packing group:	not applicable
Packing instructions:	806
Special provisions:	A48, A67, A164
IMDG (sea):	
UN number:	2800
Proper shipping name:	Batteries, wet, non-spillable
Class:	8
Packing group:	not applicable
Marine pollutant:	no
Packing instructions:	P003
Special provisions:	29, 238



## 15. Regulatory Information

In accordance with the EU Battery Directive and the respective national legislation, Lead-Acid batteries have to be marked by a crossed out dustbin with the chemical symbol for lead below, together with the ISO return / recycling symbol.



## 16. Other Information

The information given above is provided in good faith based on present knowledge and does not constitute an assurance of safety under all conditions. It's the users responsibility to observe all laws and regulations applicable. If there are any queries, the supplier should be consulted. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.